

WASN'T it great to hear that patter this morning—or are you old enough to remember?

# The Topeka State Journal

WEATHER FORECAST for Kansas: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Friday.

HOME EDITION

TOPEKA, KANSAS, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1916—TEN PAGES

TWO CENTS

## UNIONS BEATEN IN ATTEMPT FOR CARMEN STRIKE

N. Y. Car Service Maintained Despite Walkout Order.

Try to Tie Up Subway, Elevated and Surface Lines.

5,000 POLICE ON STRIKE DUTY

Rush "Boss Strikebreaker" to N. Y. in Special Train.

Bricks Hurlled From Tenement Roof at Elevated.

New York, Sept. 7.—Despite a strike order intended to affect 15,000 employees of the subway, elevated and New York railway system, the latter surface cars, and tie up the traffic of New York normal service was being maintained today.

William B. Fitzgerald, strike leader, admitted that the motormen of subway and "L" trains had not responded to the strike call. Trains on these lines, handling the bulk of the city's passenger traffic were running on regular schedule. Places of guards on the cars were taken by strikebreakers in many instances.

Little disorder was reported and such reports as reached the police were not serious.

Loyal Employees Get Double Pay.

The New York railway company announced that its recent agreement with its employees were abrogated, effective today, and that the work had been begun of signing individual contracts. The Interborough announced that its men who did not strike will receive double pay until further notice.

Threat of the districts affected little disorder was reported. About 4,000 patrolmen were on duty.

Meanwhile the traction officials admitting that "the gravity of the situation is such that at any moment a crisis may arise," were providing stocks of provisions for the strike breakers.

Biggest in City's History.

New York, Sept. 7.—The biggest transportation strike in the history of New York which union leaders declared would be the subway and elevated systems is on today.

Employees on the surface cars of the New York railway company, called a strike and few street cars were in operation early today. Thousands of men and women, fearing trouble on the slowly moving surface busses or the slowly moving surface cars of such lines as were still in operation.

The Interborough Rapid Transit company operating the subway and elevated lines claimed that practically all of their trains left the yards on schedule this morning. Tugging and shoving of the release of strikebreakers in various cities by the calling off of the railroad strike last week hundreds of men were held in readiness to take the place of regular employees who walked out.

Disorder at Several Points.

Disorder at several points was reported early today but no one was reported injured. Scores of strikers poured into the Grand Central station and orally or physically persuaded ticket choppers or other employees there to leave their posts.

An elevated train was attacked from the roofs of tenements at Eighth avenue and 151st street, reports from the Interborough asserted. Brick were hurled from the roofs but missed their mark.

Five thousand police were on strike duty today. From two to six uniformed officers were assigned to every subway and elevated station in town. On the subway a policeman was on guard at the underground stations on both the uptown and downtown sides.

All subway and elevated trains were equipped with special wire guards to protect motormen from injury in case of attack.

Trouble Over Signed Contracts.

President Theodore P. Shonts of the Interborough company claimed early today that normal service was being maintained on both the subway and elevated system. Upwards of 5,000 strikebreakers were housed in the various yards of the company which had been converted into barracks. Trains were in operation throughout the night, but toward early morning service became intermittent. The strike was called shortly after 9 o'clock and from then on until today it was evident that the regular men were gradually leaving their posts.

Interborough officials have flatly

(Continued on Page 2)

## VEILED MYSTERY OF OIL DROP IS BARED AT LAST!

Oklahoma City, Ok., Sept. 7.—Rumors are current among members of the Oklahoma City Oil exchange that the bringing in of a 12,000-barrel well in the Hominy field in Osage county, which has been capped and guarded carefully from intruders, is responsible for the break in price of crude oil. It is said the Hominy field will produce millions of barrels of crude oil.

One company controls virtually the entire acreage of the Hominy field and leases cannot be obtained at any price, it is said. Little or no definite information is obtainable regarding conditions there. Evidence as to the extent of the new field or what promises it holds forth is lacking.

## 14 REGIMENTS STATE TROOPS TO MUSTER OUT

National Guards Back From Border to Demobilize.

Presages Early Withdrawal of Troops in Mexico.

EFFECT OF MEX. CONFERENCE

Intend Pershing's Men to Places of Guards on Border.

No Kansas Troops Affected—Totals About 15,000.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The 15,000 guardsmen returned from the border by the recent order of the war department were today ordered mustered out of the federal service. The guardsmen remaining on the border stay there for the present.

The demobilization is understood to be a preliminary to the withdrawal of the punitive expedition from Mexico which will take the guardsmen places protecting the border line and as a consequence of the assembling of the international commission to settle the border troubles.

The war department official announcement was made in the following statement:

N. Y. Regiment Has Typhoid.

"The secretary of war directs that all the organizations of the national guard in the federal service recently ordered from the border to their respective mobilization camps be mustered out of the federal service as soon as the service of the national guard troops except in the case of the Fourteenth New York regiment which is to be held in service at its mobilization camp pending the prevalence in that regiment of para typhoid.

"As soon as it can be safely done this regiment also will be mustered out. Similar precaution should be taken with any other organization returning from the border suffering from infection or which is under suspicion of being infected."

Includes 14 Regiments.

The troops affected are three regiments from New York, two from New Jersey, one from Massachusetts, one from Illinois, two from Missouri, one from California, one from Oregon, one from Washington, and one from Louisiana. These units comprise in the aggregate about 15,000 national guardsmen.

The plan for the mustering out of the regiments will be executed under the various departmental commanders with whose jurisdiction these organizations are placed. In many instances where there is no reason to hold them because of the aggregate mustering out will be done immediately. It is expected that all the organization except the Fourteenth New York will be mustered out as soon as the necessary routine is concluded. The Yale battery mobilized at Troyhanna, Pa., was ordered to Natick, Conn., where it will be mustered out.

Order Affects 1,900 Missourians.

Nevada, Sept. 7.—Nineteen hundred Missouri guardsmen will be affected by the demobilization order. The news was received with rejoicing at the state military reservation here.

The troops here are the First and Third regiments of the Missouri National Guard. The former is stationed at its home station at St. Louis and the latter at Kansas City. The regiments arrived here the first part of the week from Nevada, Texas, and preparations were being made by officers for a long stay here. All were without information concerning the order.

To Redistribute Border Forces.

San Antonio, Sept. 7.—Organization of the National guardsmen on the border into provisional divisions will have to be started on a new basis it was said, at southern department headquarters, on receipt of news from Washington that 15,000 guardsmen now returning to their state camps would be taken from the federal service.

The First and Second Kansas regiments were on their way here today from Eagle Pass to replace the First and Second Illinois Infantry, recalled to Springfield, Ill., in the provisional division at Fort Sam Houston. The Ohio and Kentucky guardsmen have just arrived at El Paso.

## NO GAMES TODAY

Savage-Drummer Doubleheader Called Off—Two Games Friday.

Today's doubleheader entertainment at Western league park between the Savages and Drummers was postponed on account of the rain and will be played tomorrow. Tomorrow's games will be postponed if today's games leaves one game unplayed, and this will be disposed of on the final trip to St. Joe. The team will be in the Missouri town Saturday, Sunday and Monday and will then be home for the remainder of the season.

It was announced this afternoon at the baseball offices that "Animal" Dasher had returned to the Topeka club, and he will probably be given a chance to show that he has "come back" tomorrow.

## ST. JOE GETS 2 WOLVES

Holland Buys Pitcher Koestner and Dolly Gray From Wichita.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 7.—Jack Holland, owner of the St. Joseph Western league baseball club, announces the purchase of Elmer Koestner, pitcher, and "Dolly" Gray, catcher of the Wichita team.

The deal was closed, he says, before the league took over the defunct club.

## LAST DAY TO AVERT STRIKE KANSAS MINES

Disagreement Inevitable, Says President of Union.

Will Issue Ultimatum if Today's Conference Fails.

CLAIM 9,000 MEN NOW OUT

But Operators Declare Pittsburg Mines Are Busy.

Deny Report Companies Accede to Union's Demands.

Kansas City, Sept. 7.—With many of the coal mines in the Pittsburg, Kan., district idle today because of the strike protest against the delay in the negotiations here for the two-year working contract, the subcommittee considering it met again this morning in what its conferees termed a last attempt to avert a general walkout through the state of Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas. Miners' representatives declared before the subcommittee met that, if it did not reach an agreement before this afternoon, an ultimatum would be presented to the general conference before tonight.

"I suppose we will report a disagreement," Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas district of United Mine Workers of America and subcommittee member, declared. "Although a majority of the operators want to settle the controversy some of them apparently will accept nothing and unless a new subcommittee is appointed, a disagreement seems certain."

Conflicting Reports on Walkout.

No call had been issued for a meeting of the general conference this afternoon but Mr. Howat and other conferees were expected to convene at the time. Published reports that the operators had decided to meet the miners' demands were denied today by both sides in the dispute. Operators' representatives declared that the miners' demands were being worked.

Conflicting Reports on Walkout.

No call had been issued for a meeting of the general conference this afternoon but Mr. Howat and other conferees were expected to convene at the time. Published reports that the operators had decided to meet the miners' demands were denied today by both sides in the dispute. Operators' representatives declared that the miners' demands were being worked.

60,000 Out at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Kan., Sept. 7.—About 6,000 miners, comprising the employees at two-thirds of the coal mines of the Pittsburg field are not working today. One-third of the mines of the district are working as usual according to George Richardson, reporting for the operators. Mr. Richardson's office this morning made a canvass of the district by telephone and he gave out the results following tabulation.

Coal Shortage in K. C.

The threatened coal shortage caused a shortage of coal for domestic use (Continued on Page Two)

## EXPECT A BATTLE

Villa Reported Moving Against U. S. Expedition Force.

Would Discredit Carranza—Pershing Returns to Post.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 7.—General Pershing, acting upon suggestion from General Funston, is reported hurrying back to field headquarters from Columbus, N. M., following irrefutable information given the military authorities that Pancho Villa with 1,500 men, fully supplied with arms and ammunition, was less than 100 miles from the American outposts.

Pershing's return here is reported by the military authorities as a part of his command by sending it against the outposts of the American expeditionary forces. Thousands of Yaqui Indians in the district between Navajo and Guaymas are on the warpath, killing nearly a hundred ranchers and devastating a large territory, according to a report brought here by Enrique Velasco, commissioner sent by Carranza to divide the lands of the peons.

Well Known Kansas Woman Dies.

Hutchinson, Kan., Sept. 7.—Mrs. George W. Winans, aged 69, suffrage worker for a lifetime and well known club woman, wife of Dr. G. W. Winans, former state superintendent of instruction and now city commissioner, died here today. Burial will be in Junction City.

## MOTHER, AGE 99, GIVES DAUGHTER, 66, IN MARRIAGE

Millville, N. J., Sept. 7.—Mrs. Jane Facemeyer, within a year of the century mark, gave her "girl," Mrs. Mary E. Peters, 66, in marriage.

The happy bridegroom was James McNeal, a well-to-do local contractor, who is only 68. The romance began several years ago. Mrs. Peters owns the home where the ceremony was performed.

Blanche Hughes, a granddaughter, was the bridesmaid and Harvey Hughes, a grandson, was best man. Mrs. Facemeyer was one of the jolliest in the party.

## "NO—I'VE TRIED YOU ON THIS JOB BEFORE" By BRINKERHOFF.



## GOOD RAIN AT LAST

First Real Soaking in Topeka Since June 26.

Three-Fourths of an Inch Officially Breaks Drought.

Hourly temperature readings furnished by the weather bureau:

7 o'clock ..... 71 11 o'clock ..... 68  
8 o'clock ..... 70 12 o'clock ..... 70  
9 o'clock ..... 70 1 o'clock ..... 68  
10 o'clock ..... 69 2 o'clock ..... 69

Temperatures today averaged 3 degrees below normal. The wind is blowing at the rate of 4 miles an hour from the east.

Rain arrived in Topeka last night unheralded and practically unexpected, and it took hard crack at the drought. The precipitation totaled .79 of an inch. A wind of forty miles an hour struck Topeka during the early part of the storm, but it did not last long.

Rains were general over Kansas last night and temperatures were lower in all parts of the state. The showers were mostly light ones, such as have fallen many times during the dry spell. The mercury here last night dropped to 67 degrees but temperatures for the night were 6 degrees above normal. Tonight will be much cooler and the temperature tomorrow is expected to stay below the 80 degree mark.

The rain at Topeka last night and this morning was the heaviest here (Continued on Page Two)

## WIVES TO BLAME

In Ohio Divorce Imp Scores One to Cupid's Three.

Ten Years Ago, a Divorce for Every Twelve Marriages.

Columbus, O., Sept. 7.—For every three marriages in Ohio last year, at least one divorce suit was started.

For every six marriages, one divorce was granted by Ohio courts and one marriage annulled.

These figures will be cited in the forthcoming report of Secretary of State Charles Q. Hildebrand, soon to be filed with Governor Willis. It was learned here today.

Ten years ago Ohio had only one divorce to every twelve marriages. Annual reports of the former secretaries show plainly that divorce is gaining ground in Ohio married life.

Hildebrand's report shows it is the wife and not the husband, as generally it is supposed, who tires soonest of the marriage bond.

Many Unfaithful Wives.

For example: Exactly 239 divorces were granted husbands last year on the ground that their wives had been unfaithful. Only 196 wives were granted divorces from husbands charged with forgetting their marriage vows.

However, it is the husband who shirks married responsibility first, according to the report. Exactly 3,014 divorces were granted wives last year for "absence and neglect," as against 1,354 granted husbands for the same reason.

Hildebrand's report shows that June still holds good as the month of marriages and that January is the month that Cupid languishes.

Of the 43,260 marriages reported for the year, 5,826 were solemnized in June, while January's record was only 2,875.

## OHIO DOCTOR DIES AFTER SIXTY-NINE DAY HEALTH FAST

Youngstown, O., Sept. 7.—Dr. H. O. Huffman, oculist and advocate of fasting as a nature cure, died here today at the city hospital a victim of his belief after going without food for sixty-nine days.

Huffman began his fatal fasting June 30. After forty days he attempted to eat but his stomach refused to retain nourishment. Two years ago Huffman fasted forty-seven days. Last year he fasted thirty days.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Conferees on the emergency revenue bill today struck out the Phelan amendment to empower the president to retaliate against citizens of belligerent nations which interfere with United States mails. The argument which prevailed in the conference was that it might work great hardships to Americans in foreign countries by counter retaliation.

The conference also abandoned the Chamberlain amendment to prohibit admission of Pacific ocean salmon or halibut thru a foreign country except in bond from an American port. This, it was decided, might develop a commercial war with Canada and bring about retaliation against American Atlantic coast fisheries.

Other senate amendments clothing the president with retaliatory power against interference with American commerce and embargoes on American goods to foreign nations was agreed to. They have the sanction of the state department while the amendment does not. The senate then approached the wine taxes and distillery taxes, which became the principal stumbling block.

## HAMILTON TO BORDER

Topeka Major to Take Charge of Fifteenth Division U. S. N. G.

After numerous delays Major Clad Hamilton of Topeka is to go to the Mexican border. He has been assigned by the war department to command of the Fifteenth division United States national guards at Laredo, Tex.

Major Clad Hamilton of Topeka who goes to border.

Announcement of Major Hamilton's appointment was made today from the office of Charles L. Martin, adjutant general. Major Hamilton has gone to Fort Riley, Kan. There he will receive his commission and will be sent to the head of the national guard division in Texas.

Following entrainment of the Kansas troops for duty at Eagle Pass, Major Hamilton was retained at Fort Riley. Then he was returned to Topeka and for a time it appeared that he might not be sent to the border. An order from the war department, however, was sent to General Martin and within two hours after it was received Major Hamilton had left Topeka for Fort Riley.

## BASEBALL TODAY

Western League.

At Lincoln—score: R. H. E.  
St. Louis City ..... 002 000 000 000—2 3 3  
Lincoln ..... 101 000 000 001—3 6 2

Batteries: Clark and Livingston; East and Johnson.

## CUT REVENUE BILL

Conferees Strike Out Two Amendments as Dangerous.

President Given Power of Retaliation by Clause Inserted.

Washington, Sept. 7.—Conferees on the emergency revenue bill today struck out the Phelan amendment to empower the president to retaliate against citizens of belligerent nations which interfere with United States mails. The argument which prevailed in the conference was that it might work great hardships to Americans in foreign countries by counter retaliation.

The conference also abandoned the Chamberlain amendment to prohibit admission of Pacific ocean salmon or halibut thru a foreign country except in bond from an American port. This, it was decided, might develop a commercial war with Canada and bring about retaliation against American Atlantic coast fisheries.

Other senate amendments clothing the president with retaliatory power against interference with American commerce and embargoes on American goods to foreign nations was agreed to. They have the sanction of the state department while the amendment does not. The senate then approached the wine taxes and distillery taxes, which became the principal stumbling block.

## TO OBEY 8-HOUR LAW

Great Northern Railroad to Enforce Ruling—Santa Fe to Test It.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7.—The Great Northern will obey the provision of the Adamson eight-hour bill, it was announced today.

This announcement coming in the wake of the Senate's announcement that it would obey none of the provisions of the bill, seemed to substantiate a recent rumor in railroad circles here. That the bill would be enforced by the Great Northern or the Santa Fe would be chosen to flagrantly violate the bill, to force government action that would bring a test in courts.

The Santa Fe was chosen, it was said, because of the strength of its legal department.

Other Lines Noncommittal.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Western railroad officials were reticent today as to whether they would follow the action of the President in enforcing the Adamson eight-hour bill until forced to recognize it.

"We are not ready at this time to make any statement," said E. D. Swall, vice president, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

At the offices of the Burlington & Northwestern it was stated they had made no plans.

W. R. Smith, attorney for the Santa Fe, in Topeka, said today that he understands the 8-hour clause in the bill will not be contested. The part which will be contested, he said, would be the clause which specifies ten hours pay for eight hours work.

The railroad, he said, recognizes the right of congress to regulate working hours and will fight the attempt to regulate wages.

## Cotton Drops \$5 a Bale.

New York, Sept. 7.—Cotton broke 19 points on the local exchange today, December delivery selling at \$15.45 a pound. This figure represented a loss of about \$5 on the bale, compared with the recent high mark.

## FIERCE BATTLES SMASHING THRU GERMAN FRONTS

British and French Hold Upper Hand on Somme.

French Capture Mile Trenches of Verdun Line.

WAR UNTIL NEXT SUMMER

Soldiers Believe War Will Continue Thru Winter.

Two Main German Supports on Somme in a Pocket.

Paris, Sept. 7.—The French captured the German line trench over a front of one mile on the Verdun front, the war office announced today.

The breach in the German line was effected on the front northeast of Verdun between the Vaux-Chapire region and the town of Chenoy. The French took 250 prisoners.

Pocketing Main Positions.

Paris, Sept. 7.—Comblès and Chaules, two main supports of the present German lines on the Somme, are being pocketed and threatened with early capture by the steady advance of the allies. The thrust that carried the French lines thru the greater part of the village of Berny-en-Santerre and into the outskirts of Chaules yesterday afternoon was made in the face of most desperate German resistance. The Germans defended their positions with great stubbornness and time and again counter-attacked.

The French advance brought General Foch's line still closer to the Chaules-Peronne railway.

The British push that resulted in the capture of Leuze Wood, a mile from Comblès, was a surprise attack made while the Germans were heavily engaged with the French in the outskirts of Comblès.

See All Winter War Ahead.

With the British Army in France, Sept. 5, via London, Sept. 7.—The British feel that their uphill work in the last offensive is over with the exception of taking Ginchy. For over two months now their fight has been one to gain high ground over the board front. This placed them in possession of the last of the old second line trenches and from the Somme to Thiepval, the Germans now have been driven back out of their old positions. The British and French successes this week had an extraordinary effect on the terms of the 1916-17 season.

Whether private soldier in his shelter tent or general in his automobile, if you ask them that old question, "When do you think the war will be over?" they have the same possible conclusion short of next summer. They all take many months of fighting to come no less for granted.

They have the opinion of any artillery results in the Somme battle mean that the entente allies will dictate the terms of peace.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

London's Savage Encounter.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

London's Savage Encounter.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

London's Savage Encounter.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

London's Savage Encounter.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

London's Savage Encounter.

London, Sept. 7.—In savage hand to hand fighting last night, a German force that attacked Leuze Wood, near Comblès, under cover of darkness, was driven back, leaving prisoners in the hands of the British. General Haig reported this afternoon. Fighting continues in the outskirts of Ginchy.

## FORD SUES PAPER

Wants Million Damages From Chicago Tribune.

Alleges Newspaper Editorial Called Him Anarchist.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Suit for \$1,000,000 was filed by Henry Ford, the Detroit manufacturer, against the Chicago Tribune in the United States district court here today. Mr. Ford asks for personal damages as compensation for an editorial printed in the Tribune June 23, which it is charged, called Ford an anarchist.

Detroit, Sept. 7.—It was announced here today that Alfred Lucking, personal attorney for Henry Ford, the manufacturer is in Chicago to file suit for \$500,000 in Mr. Ford's name against the Chicago Tribune. Mr. Ford asks personal damages as compensation for an editorial printed in the Tribune June 23, which it is charged, called Ford an anarchist.

The editorial was printed more than two months ago. According to the announcement which came from Mr. Lucking's office the word "anarchist" was used in the head line of the editorial. The editorial itself censured Mr. Ford's ideas and methods. It was learned that Ford has had the suit under contemplation for several weeks. The papers were not completed before Mr. Lucking left Detroit last night. They will be signed in Chicago today, it is understood.

The editorial is charged, referred to Mr. Ford as ignorant, a "deluded human being," and "an anarchistic enemy of the nation which protects him in his wealth."

The editorial also charged that employees of Mr. Ford would lose their positions if they went to the border as members of the National Guard.

The bill charges that the Tribune "sought to bring the plaintiff to public hatred, contempt, ridicule and financial injury" by publishing the editorial.

## PLENTY OF GAS IN TOPEKA THIS WINTER--LONDON

Kansas Natural Receiver Tells Plans to Rotary Club.

New Fields Are To Be Tapped—Extensions in.

SLAP AT UTILITIES COMMISSION

Refusal of 30